

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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NO GENERAL STRIKE.

The American Federation of Labor So Decides.

AN ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

Reasons Given For Not Ordering All Union Laborers to Quit Work—The Only Relief Is in the Ballot-Box—The Strike Leaders Have Not, However, Given Up All Hope.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The conference of the American Federation of Labor adjourned at 7:30 yesterday evening, after having decided against a general strike. The petition of President Debs of the American railway was endorsed, however, and \$1,000 voted for a defense fund for the coming trial of Debs. The executive council of seven will hold a final session.

The following address to the public was issued after a long discussion:

"The great industrial upheaval now agitating the country has been carefully, calmly and fully considered in a conference of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, and to the executive officers and representatives of the national and international unions brotherhoods of railway union, called to meet in the city of Chicago on the 12th day of July, 1894. In the light of all the evidence obtainable and in view of the peculiar complications now enveloping the situation, we are forced to the conclusion that the best interests of the unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, demand that they refrain from participating in any general or local strike, which may be proposed in connection with the present railroad troubles.

"In making this declaration we do not wish it understood that we are in any way antagonistic to labor organizations now struggling for right or justice, but rather to the fact that the present contest has become surrounded and beset with complications so grave in their nature that we can not consistently advise a course which would add to the general confusion. The public press, ever alive to the interest of corporate wealth, have, with few exceptions, so maliciously misrepresented matters that, in the public mind, the working classes are now arrayed in open hostility to federal authority.

"This is the position we do not wish to be placed in, nor will we occupy it without a protest. We claim to be patriotic and law-abiding as any other class of citizens, a claim substantiated by our actions in time of public need and public peril. By misrepresentation and duplicity certain corporations assume that they stand for law and order and that those opposing them represent lawlessness and anarchy. We protest against this assumption, as we protest against the interference that because a certain individual or a certain class enjoy a monopoly in particular lines of trade or commerce that it necessarily follows that they are entitled to a monopoly in loyalty and good citizenship.

"The trades union movement is one of reason, one of deliberation and depending entirely upon the voluntary and sovereign action of its members; it is democratic in principle and action; conservative in its demands and consistent in its efforts to secure them. Industrial contests can not be entered into at the behest of any individual officer of this conference, regardless of the position he may occupy in our organizations. Strikes in our affiliated organizations are entered into only as a last resort, and after all efforts for a peaceful adjustment of grievances have failed, and then only after the members have by their own votes, usually requiring a two-thirds and often a three-fourths vote, so decided.

"The trades union movement has its origin in economic and social injustice. It has its history, its struggle and its tendency well defined. It stands as the protector of those who see the wrong and injustice resultant of our present industrial system, and who, by organization, manifest their purpose of becoming larger sharers in the product of their labor, and who, by their efforts, contribute toward securing the unity and solidarity of labor's forces, so that in the ever present contest of the wealthy producers to conquer their rights from the wealthy absorbers we may, by our intelligence and persistence, by the earnestness of our purpose, the nobility of our cause, work out through revolutionary methods the final emancipation of labor.

"While we may not have the power to order a strike of the working people of our country, we are fully aware that a recommendation from this conference to them to lay down their tools of labor will largely influence the members of our affiliated organization, and appreciating the responsibility resting upon us, and the duty we owe to all, we declare it to be the sense of this conference that a general strike at this time is inexpedient, unwise and contrary to the best interests of the working people.

"We further recommend that all connected with the American Federation of Labor now out on sympathetic strike, should return to work, and these who contemplate going out on sympathetic strike, are advised to remain at their usual vocations.

"In the strike of the American Railway union we recognize an impulsive, vigorous protest against the gathering, growing forces of plutocratic power and corporation rule. In the sympathetic movement of that order to help the Pullman employees, they have demonstrated the hollow shams of the Pullman's pharisaical paradise. Mr. Pullman, in his persistent repulses of arbi-

tration and in his heartless autocratic treatment of his employees, has proven himself a public enemy.

"The heart of labor everywhere throbs responsive to the main purposes and sturdy struggle of the American Railway union in their heroic endeavor to redress the wrongs of the Pullman employees. In this position they effectually reiterate the fundamental trade union principle that working people, regardless of sex, creed, color, nationality, politics or occupation should have one and the same interest in one common cause for their own industrial and political advancement.

"By this railway strike the people are once more reminded of the immense forces held at the call of corporate capital for the subjugation of labor. For years the railroad interests have shown the lawless examples of defiance to injunctions, and have set aside laws to control them. They have displayed the utmost contempt for the interstate commerce law, have avoided its penalties, and sneered at its potency to prevent pooling, discriminations and other impositions on the public. In this disregard of law these corporations have given the greatest impetus to anarchy and lawlessness. Still they do not hesitate, when confronted by outraged labor, to invoke the powers of the state, the federal government, backed by United States marshals, injunctions of courts, proclamations of the president, and sustained by bayonets of soldiers and all the civil and military machinery of the law, have rallied on the summons of the corporations.

"Against this array of armed force and brutal monied autocracy, would it not be worse than folly to call men out on a general or local strike in these days of stagnant trade and commercial depression? No. Better let us organize more generally, combine more closely with our forces, educate and prepare ourselves to protect our interests, and that we may go to the ballotbox and cast our votes as American freemen, united and determined to redeem this country from its present political and industrial misrule, to take it from the hands of plutocratic wreckers and place it in the hands of the common people."

OFFERED TO SETTLE.

The Railway Managers Now Responsible For the Strike.

CHICAGO, July 14.—President Debs, Vice President Howard and Mr. Sovereign called at the mayor's office and held a conference for about 15 minutes. At its conclusion, Mayor Hopkins said: "These gentlemen came to me with a proposition to call the strike off. If the General Managers' association will agree to take back all employees who have not been arrested for any offense against the law. They asked me to go with them to present the proposition. I told them I would gladly go."

The mayor and Alderman McGillen then went to the office of the General Managers' association, while Debs, Howard and Sovereign returned to their hotels. When the mayor arrived at the office of the General Managers' association, he found that the regular meeting had adjourned, and Mr. St. John of the Rock Island was the only manager present.

Mr. St. John said he would receive the proposition and lay it before the next meeting. He was requested to call a special meeting, but declined to do so. He consented to listen to the gentlemen because they were the mayor and a prominent member of the council. He declared that he would have nothing to do with Debs or any other labor leader. After leaving the proposition with Mr. St. John the mayor returned to his office.

Mr. St. John had previously said that the general managers would not recognize the labor leaders in any way, and it was because of this statement that Debs, Howard and Sovereign did not present their proposition in person, but delegated the presentation to the mayor.

Chairman Egan said, informally: "The general managers will under no circumstances have a conference with Mr. Debs on any subject. They will retain in their employ the men who filled the strikers' places and are competent."

When Debs was asked by Sovereign what would be done in case the general managers refused to reinstate the men, Debs replied: "We shall call our executive board together and determine upon a course of action."

President Debs said that the union had made its last overtures to the general managers. It had gone more than half way. If the present proposition was ignored or rejected, the strike would be renewed with greater force and continued until the railway people gave in. The people had been appealing to the railway union to stop the strike; hereafter they must appeal to the railway managers. The burden of further trouble and loss of business must rest on their shoulders.

Mr. Debs added that there had been no relaxation of the strike. It is on in force and would remain so until an affirmative answer came from the general managers. If such an answer were received, the strike would end in 20 minutes. He intimated that the union had reserve forces which it could call into action and that they would be felt in their full strength if necessary. He said labor unions were waiting patiently to be called upon to join in a sympathetic strike, and declared that 12 or 15 were induced to wait until an answer had been received from the general managers.

The Communication Returned.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The publication of a statement that a communication signed by Eugene V. Debs, George W. Howard and Sylvester Kelher had been presented to the chairman of the General Managers' association by Mayor Hopkins caused a number of the general managers to call at their headquarters

to inquire if the statement was true. Upon their learning that a communication had been left with the chairman, and upon hearing the views of the managers who had called—which were forcibly expressed—the chairman decided that it was proper to return the communication to the mayor without answer, which was done, and with the information that no communication whatever from the parties signing could be received or considered by the association.

DEBS' OFFER.

If Strikers Will Be Reinstated the Boycott Will Be Declared On.

CHICAGO, July 14.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union, has furnished the press with the following statement:

"We have acceded to the requests of thousands of people not directly concerned in the strike, but affected by it, to make a proposition of peace. We have responded to this appeal in a manly and straightforward manner. We offer to declare the strike off, and make as the only conditions that the men who went out be permitted to return to their former positions. We except, of course, those against whom there are any charges of violence.

"We make marked concessions in this offer, but are willing to make them in the light of the great industrial depression that has been a concomitant of the strike. We could make no fairer offer nor one that more abundantly considers the interests of the whole people. It is now in the hands of the railroad managers. If they accept it the trouble is ended. If they refuse we will renew the fight and follow it up to the bitter end. And if they refuse we will then see what there is in public sentiment."

TRAIN WRECKED BY STRIKERS.

The Engineer and Fireman Both Instantly Killed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 14.—The Big Four New York express train No. 7, on its way to St. Louis, was wrecked at Fontanel, this county, by strike sympathizers. Engineer Moehrmann of Indianapolis and Fireman Fleck of Mattoon were buried under the wreck and instantly killed. Their bodies were crushed into an unrecognizable mass. The engine, baggage car, express car and the day coach are piled in the ditch a broken mass.

The train was running at a high rate of speed, and when within a quarter of a mile of Fontanel it smashed through a displaced switch. The crash was heard by the sheriff and deputy marshals, who had been at the scene of trouble all day. A number of others also heard the crash and rushed to the scene of the disaster.

The wreck is undoubtedly the work of a lawless mob of miners that had possession of Fontanel all day Thursday, and stopped and side-tracked five Big Four freight trains during the day to show their sympathy for the railroad strikers.

Pullman's Plea.

NEW YORK, July 14.—George M. Pullman has issued a lengthy statement of the attitude of his company in reference to the strike, its causes, its merits and its settlement. He does not declare definitely against submitting to arbitration, but urges that it would be unbusinesslike to consent to an arbitration which might decide that the Pullman works be operated at a loss.

Disregarded Debs' Order.

DALLAS, July 14.—Under protection of United States marshals the Santa Fe moved their delayed passenger trains with nonunion men in the cab. The Santa Fe officials have secured sufficient nonunion men to run all switch engines, and business is moving as though a strike was not on. Thus far Debs' order calling the strike off has been disregarded at this point.

Labor Leader Sentenced.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—Judge Taft of the United States court yesterday found Labor Leader Phelan guilty of contempt of court, and sentenced him to six months' imprisonment in the Warren county jail at Lebanon, O. Phelan is the man who was sent here by Debs to manage the American Railway union strike in this district.

Passenger Train Sidetracked.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 14.—A switch misplaced at Momence yesterday, presumably by some sympathizer with the strikers, threw a Chicago and Eastern Illinois passenger into a siding where it crashed into a lot of freight cars. The engine was demolished and Engineer Frank Folsom killed. The passengers were not injured.

BUSINESS NOT AFFECTED.

Trade Goes on as if Nothing Stood in the Way of Its Progress.

NEW YORK, July 14.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: When circumstances are only weighed the strength and soundness of business in this country during the past two weeks are amazing. With the second city in the country in the hands of a lawless and murderous mob, besides many other cities and towns, with railway traffic almost entirely stopping over the vast area between Toledo and the Pacific, with presidential proclamations declaring the existence of an insurrection, and the passionate answer ordering half a million men to stop work, with a prolonged strike of coal miners not fully ended in many states, and with differences between the house and senate on the tariff question so wide that duties affecting mining and manufactures can not be anticipated, industries and trade have, nevertheless, gone on with sublime confidence that the people and their government would soon restore order. The shrinkage of business and the depression of values have

been unexpectedly small, the railroads relatively few and unimportant, and there are even signs in some industries of actual progress toward recovery from previous troubles.

Wheat is slightly lower, in profound disregard of the government report indicating a yield of less than 400,000,000 bushels, and as the official estimate of yield in 1893 was more than 100,000,000 bushels short of actual exports and consumption, it is readily assumed that another discrepancy as large may spring from similar causes.

Receipts and exports in the present disturbed condition of business are not significant. Corn has advanced a little, though accounts indicate a good yield. Cotton has declined an eighth, with more favorable information as to conditions, and the year's records have so discredited official and other estimates that little attention is now paid to them.

Cotton manufacture has reduced somewhat, though most of the mills continue to pile up goods, and the stock of print cloths is 1,050,000 pieces. Dullness is commonly ascribed and partly due to the disturbed conditions at the west and south. The same cause affects woolen manufacture, but less directly and the clothiers have postponed orders so long that their efforts to get merely the goods they must have now give a better tone. Orders are small, but in number such that fewer mills have closed since July 1 than was expected, and sales of wool for the week have been 3,395,000 pounds against 3,643,700 last year, 6,118,950 in 1892.

The shoe factories in this quarter are closed, but the east have generally resumed earlier than was expected, and numerous, though small orders, mainly for medium or low priced goods, make up a fair aggregate of business. Shipments from the east for two weeks of July have been 152,298 cases against 148,755 last year.

The output of pigiron, which dropped from 110,210 tons to 62,517 weekly in May, because of the miners' strike, had only recovered to 85,950 tons on July 1, and it is uncertain whether it is larger now, for numerous western works have stopped by the railroad blockade.

The decrease in failures exhibited last week is followed by good returns for July thus far. Reported liabilities in the first five days were only \$811,567, though mail delays keep back some western returns. The number of failures during the past week has been 237 in the United States, against 374 last year, and in Canada 49, against 25 last year.

FREIGHT TRAIN DEMOLISHED.

Bridge Blown Up by Dynamite on the Rock Island Railroad.

WELLINGTON, Kan., July 14.—The adverse decision of the Oklahoma supreme court on the application of the towns of South End and Pond Creek, to compel the Rock Island railroad to build depots and stop trains, has been quickly followed by an outrage. At 4:20 yesterday morning, a mile south of End, the Rock Island bridge was blown up with dynamite and a freight train demolished.

The engine and a couple of cars had passed safely over when the dynamite exploded, hurling the train from the track. Thirteen cars were piled in the ditch, and brakeman Cordry and Larry Lyon, a tramp, were badly injured. The dynamite was evidently intended for the regular northbound passenger train from Texas, which reached the scene 30 minutes later, and which, but for the accident of the freight blockade, caused by the strike, necessitating the running of extra freight now, would have been the first train on the bridge.

The outrage is supposed to be the work of men concerned in the bitter fight between the government town sites and the Rock Island road, which has been waging ever since the opening of the strip, owing to the refusal of the railroad to stop its trains at the government town sites.

At 11 o'clock yesterday, Fawcett, the chief of the Rock Island company's detectives, wired to Vice President Lowe that he was compelled to stand by powerless and see 200 citizens of Pond Creek tearing up the company's tracks through the city. In the crowd were both men and women. The company had, until last week, kept a large force of guards along the track at Pond Creek and End ever since June 6, when the track was before torn up and a freight train wrecked.

Only a few guards are now stationed in the places and they are unable to do anything.

Vice President Lowe has notified the United States authorities of the destruction of track, and has declared he will send no more guards to the inflamed points, but will expect the government hereafter to protect the company's property and deal with the citizens.

By order of the governor, an armed troop from El Reno, under charge of Deputy United States Marshal Madsen, has left for the scene. The citizens are becoming more threatening and every hour serious troubles are feared.

Mob Dispersed.

CONNEAUT, O., July 14.—Captain Woodworth and the Geneva rifles arrived here early yesterday morning. At 7 o'clock the strikers, 300 strong, assembled on the docks, and the militia marched to the scene. The crowd then dispersed. Of the 30 men arrested thus far, all were discharged in court except three. Colonel Kennan of the Fifth regiment reached the scene of the trouble yesterday, and regards the situation as serious.

Boy Burglars Confess.

ZANESVILLE, O., July 14.—W. Sellwood, Charles Shick and Otto Henry, three boys, aged 17 years have been arrested for burglary. They entered Peter Ungermach's grocery and stole a quantity of provisions for a fish camp, which they concealed in a stable.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Sacramento Has Been So Declared.

A SMALL BATTLE FOUGHT.

Troops Fired Upon by the Strikers and the Fire Returned—Two Men Known to Be Seriously Wounded and Probably Others Have Received Injuries—The Situation in California.

SACRAMENTO, July 14.—Yesterday was one of the most exciting days in the history of the strike. As a result two men lie wounded in the receiving hospital, while several others are reported dead or injured. Shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning a switch engine was proceeding along Front street to clear the track. A company of regulars, under command of Captain Roberts of Battery L, Fifth United States artillery, accompanied the engine. As they reached I street it is claimed a gang of strikers fired on the troops. The soldiers returned the fire, and several men were seen to fall.

Two of them were picked up by the police and removed to the receiving hospital. Their names are John Stuart and Frank Buckley. The former was a marine of the United States steamer Alliance and was attracted to the scene of the conflict by a large crowd. He was shot through the body and is dying. Buckley lives in Butte county and was here on a visit. He was shot through the right shoulder. Both men deny that they are in any way connected with the strikers. Stuart has made an ante-mortem statement in which he declares he was shot down because he refused to halt when ordered to do so.

The shooting was heard at the depot and Colonel Graham, who is in command, ordered the First United States marine corps, under command of Captain Berryman, and the Third United States marine corps, under Lieutenant Draper, to proceed from the depot with fixed bayonets. They divided into charging squads and extended the deadline to Second street. Shortly afterward, Troop I, Fourth United States cavalry, made a flying dash down Second street to J and hence to Front, sweeping everything before them. United States Marshal Baldwin was in the lead and proclaimed martial law. He called upon the people in the name of the United States to go to their homes and remain there until the trouble is over. A few obeyed, but the majority remained on the streets in defiance of the marshal's order.

The railroad company succeeded in getting a train to Rocklin, its destination being Ogden, by way of Truckee. The train was accompanied by two companies of regulars. Later another train left for the east. It consisted of two coaches, two flatcars and several fruit-cars. Two Gatling guns were placed on the flatcars, to be used if occasion demanded. The railroad officials fear more trouble will occur at Truckee.

SITUATION IN CALIFORNIA.

Disastrous Results of the Sixteen Day's Struggle With Strikers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—Sixteen days have intervened since the general strike was inaugurated on the Southern Pacific system. At least seven and probably nine human lives have already been sacrificed in the desperate struggle that is on between the railway company and the federal government on one side and the American Railway union on the other. The commercial loss has been enormous. A season's fruit crop, to the value of hundreds of thousands of dollars, perishing in the orchards.

There is every indication more men are to be slaughtered in this industrial war; that the fruit growers are to see more of their crop spoil on their hands, and that the embargo on commerce is to be indefinitely continued.

It is now three days since the federal troops went into the field in northern California, but the end is not yet in sight.

In Sacramento the defiance became so bold that the capital city is under actual martial law.

At Oakland the yards on the Mole are now under the protection of a force of 1,000 United States marines, state militiamen and deputies. The force has been sufficient to overawe the strikers and there is no further violence.

In San Francisco the event of the day was the empanelling of a special United States grand jury by Judge Morrow to investigate the prevailing disorders.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

No Diminution in Attendance at the Cleveland Convention.

CLEVELAND, July 14.—There was no diminution in the attendance at the various meetings of the Christian Endeavor convention. After the appointment of various committees and an address by Rev. Smith Baker, D.D., of Boston, the convention adjourned.

At a meeting of the Christian Endeavor trustees a motion made by Rev. J. Z. Tylor of this city was adopted declaring that the time had come when the society should proceed to win the entire world for Christ. This has been a point which the endeavorers have been approaching for some time. The general plan of the ways and means was left with President Clark.

Easter will come three weeks later next year, or, to be exact, it will come on the 14th of April. This is one of the favorite dates for Easter, as 1895 will be the fourteenth time that that day has had Easter since 1500.—West Chester Local News.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
 Proprietors.
 DELIVERED BY CARRIER:
 Per Week.....6 cents
 SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

November Election, 1894.

For Congress.

R. K. HART, of Fleming.

County Judge.

THOMAS R. PHISTER.

County Clerk.

T. M. PEARCE.

County Attorney.

FRANK P. O'DONNELL.

Sheriff.

J. C. JEFFERSON.

Assessor.

JOHN C. EVERETT.

Surveyor.

W. C. PELHAM.

Coroner.

JAMES C. OWENS.

Jailer.

R. C. KIRK.

Local thunderstorms, followed by cooler, clearing weather.

STRIKE MANAGER PHELAN gets six months in jail for defying the U. S. Court at Cincinnati. Delis ought to get six years for his work at Chicago.

The New York Tribune, edited by the late Republican candidate for the Vice Presidency says, in speaking of President Cleveland's attitude toward the present strike: "The simple truth is that the President is acting strictly in accordance with the law and doing his duty in a manner that insures for him the approval of nine-tenths of the people of the United States."

PULLMAN AND HIS POLITICS.

Politics has cut a bigger figure in the present strike at Chicago than many people may imagine. Mr. Pullman, like his multi-millionaire friend Carnegie, is a Republican. The New York Herald publishes an interview between Mr. Pullman and a prominent Republican editor of New York held a year ago, from which we take the following extract:

In his conversation with the editor Mr. Pullman said: "I have done as much for labor as any man living, and I have always tried to treat my workmen squarely, but I am sick and disgusted at their treachery. Normally we returned in Pullman from 2,000 to 2,500 Republican majority. I confidently expected that we should do as much for Harrison. I had not the slightest idea that the majority would fall below 2,000 in any event. You may imagine my surprise when the returns came in and Pullman had cast a majority of more than 2,000 for Cleveland."

Mr. Pullman's manner became impressive and he leaned forward and said slowly and vindictively: "I made up my mind that that was the last of my sympathy for workmen. I made up my mind that my employees in Pullman were not worth caring for and that I would go ahead and cut wages to the bottom notch. If the working people of Pullman wanted to vote against my interests, I made up my mind that they could take the consequences. Now, let us see how they make it."

The cut of 50 per cent. in the wages of the Pullman employees, out of which the present strike grew, had just been announced, says the Herald. Mr. Pullman's visitor was shocked at his malignant temper and the heartless way in which he announced that the wages of his employees had been cut.

Mr. Pullman evidently had been resting in the belief that he owned his employees, soul, body and all. He talks about their treachery because they had the courage to vote as they pleased and not for his party, and he proceeds to cut their wages, to teach them a lesson no doubt. The people are on to Mr. Pullman's tactics.

State Treasurer Suspends Payment.

A special from Frankfort says: "State Treasurer Hale Friday morning announced that a suspension of payment of the State's funds would begin, in order to recuperate \$627,000, which has been borrowed by the general expense fund from the school fund."

"The lengthy session of the Legislature and Constitutional convention, not anticipated during the past four years, and the slowness of Sheriffs in making collections, have brought the present embarrassment. There is also several hundred thousand dollars tied up in the taxes due from corporations, which is being resisted, and which is undergoing litigation under the new laws."

"It will probably be the last of October before resumption is made."

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on your druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and costs you nothing, at J. J. Wood's drug store.

GEO. WASHINGTON.

Now a Candidate For Appellate Judge in This District—An Able Lawyer.

A Distinguished Citizen, an Honest Man—Sketch of His Life by A. T. Root.

[Williamstown Courier.]

George Washington was born and reared in Campbell County, Ky., where he now resides. During the late war, though quite young, he entered the Confederate service. Returning to Newport at the close of the war he found himself minus everything except the clothes he wore. But this is no place to speak of the troubles which beset Washington at that time, many of which are known only to his intimate friends. Suffice it to say that they might well have discouraged a less resolute spirit.



Scraping a few dollars together he made his way to Memphis, where the political atmosphere was more to his liking. There he managed to get an old lawyer's permission to sleep in his office. Later on he met his old friend Thos. H. Hines, afterwards Chief Justice of Kentucky. They secured a bed room together in a large block, and for a time were in very hard lines. Hines and Washington, still devoted friends, often laugh about the time when the lunch counter furnished them a royal banquet.

A sketch of Washington's life for a few years after the war would afford a good indication of the metal of the man, as well as verification of the old truism that truth is stranger than fiction. Washington's life in Tennessee was one of tireless activity, politically, professionally and otherwise. His public addresses covered a wide range of topics. Two lectures delivered by him on many occasions were especially notable. One of these, "Kuoking About in the Field of Letters," showed surprising research and range of thought. The other, entitled "Mollusks," was a social satire, designed to show up the great tribe of invertebrates, or back-boned people, in all the walks of life, as well as to inculcate the value of moral purpose and courage in the battle of life. Both lectures were great successes.

But of all his speeches prior to 1889, none attracted greater attention or was more admired than his address over the graves of the Confederate dead, near Knoxville. This speech, delivered without a note, and when Washington was but little over twenty-five years old and in bad health, was pronounced by a competent judge the most eloquent and appropriate of all that had been delivered since the war. The demand for it from different parts of the country was remarkable. Many Union soldiers, old the orator the honor to go and hear him; and Washington got even with them by turning to the Stars and Stripes, which floated not far distant over the Federal dead, and paying the latter a line tribute. The New York World utilized this little episode, quoting from the speech and taunting Greeley's Tribune with it as evidence of the alleged Ku-Klux spirit in the South, of which the latter paper prated so glibly at the time.

During the reconstruction period, so-called, and until after the removal of the Federal troops from the South, there was no more enthusiastic or aggressive worker in the State than Washington. As Chairman of a Democratic Congressional Executive Committee, writer for the Knoxville Press and Herald, and campaign orator, his labors must have absorbed much of his time. He evidently regarded the South as a sort of Ireland, under oppressor's foot; and he threw himself into the fight with all the ardor of his nature. His writings and speeches, all through that dark period, were marked by a boldness and aggressiveness very much out of the ordinary.

At the great Democratic convention of 1889, called to nominate a candidate for Governor, Washington, without the least desire or expectation on his part, was elected temporary Chair-



The Old Friend

And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.

It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomel. It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Bowels and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

EVERY PACKAGE HAS THE Z Stamp in red on wrapper J. M. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

man, defeating Snodgrass, now upon the Supreme bench, by an overwhelming vote. It was a critical time in the affairs of the State and of the party. The great and paramount issue was one of practical repudiation, as many regarded it. All other questions were relegated to the rear, for this, in the minds of all, was the absorbing question of the hour. Washington was put forward for Chairman by the "State credit," or debt-paying wing in the party. In his speech, on taking the Chair, he scored, by universal consent, one of the triumphs of his life. According to many who were present the effect produced by it beggared all description.

In its account the next day, the Courier-Journal said: "The eloquence of this gentleman's speech, and the wild enthusiasm with which it was received, can only be conceived or appreciated when witnessed, for it was absolutely indescribable."

Said the Nashville American, editorially: "We cannot attempt to describe the effect of his able, thoughtful line of presentation. It made of that great convention, for one moment, at least, one mass of men filled with State pride and noble thoughts. At one of his grand climaxes, cheer after cheer arose, showing how repudiation and all leaning in that direction is regarded. It was a magnificent appeal."

As a result, Washington was soon upon scores of tongues as the proper man to nominate for Governor, and his adherents were among the most distinguished men in the convention. Among these were United States Circuit Judge Lorton, ex-Governor Porter and others, whose admiration of this speech was unqualified. Washington, however, declined to allow the use of his name. But while so doing, he did his utmost to secure the defeat of the bolters' candidate, and challenged him to a joint debate. The latter did not see proper to accept.

Washington's reputation in the State was now at a very high point. It was not long, however, ere he received a tempting offer to return to the city of his nativity, which he accepted. But it was not the tempting offer to which he yielded so much as his desire to spend the remainder of his days in his beloved Kentucky, in whose soil slept many of his kindred.

The announcement of his purpose was heard with genuine surprise and regret, which found expression in an elegant banquet tendered him by the Bench, Bar and citizens. The Supreme Judges themselves attended this banquet and bore witness not only to their regret, but to his uncommon abilities and spotless integrity.

His speech upon that occasion was in the nature of a farewell, and was pronounced by the press a masterpiece. During its entire delivery Washington was profoundly affected.

A few days later he returned to Newport, to engage in the practice of his profession with that accomplished lawyer, Col. R. W. Nelson, who is one of his most ardent supporters.

Of his subsequent career but little need be said. While apparently endeavoring to avoid prominence it has not unfrequently come to him unsolicited. Thus he did not desire to be a delegate to the Constitutional Convention and so stated; but the honor was nevertheless bestowed upon him. He had no thought of being temporary Chairman of the convention; yet that honor also came to him. The writer has often heard him say that no thought of even being Chairman of a committee had entered his mind, when Mr. Clay one day stepped up to him and tendered him his choice out of three committees, one of these being the Committee on Elections, which

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Money talks and our cash bargains are worth an attentive hearing. The lowest price has been reached. Never were goods offered so cheap. If you know a bargain when you see it and want one, call on us within the next two weeks.

LADIES' Fine Muslin Night Robes, tucked and trimmed with fine Hamburg, an excellent 85 cent quality, at the special price of..... 50c.

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LADIES' Drawers, elaborately trimmed with fine Lace and Embroidery, an excellent \$1.00 and \$1.25 quality, for..... 50c. and 75

LADIES' Fine Muslin Drawers, neatly trimmed..... 25 Cents

Our prices are correspondingly low on Skirts, Chemise and Corset Covers. Wash Goods, Dimities, Irish Lawns, Percales, Japonettes, Ducks, &c., we are closing out at cost, to make room for a large stock of handsome fall goods.

D. HUNT & SON.

he instantly decided upon, being determined, even at that early day, that Kentucky should have the secret official ballot. His course in the convention is very well known, and it is safe to say that no member of that body achieved greater distinction, notwithstanding the uncertain state of his health. Many of the delegates have not hesitated to declare that the two greatest speeches of the convention were delivered by Washington. In the great debate over the adoption of the present constitution his numerous public letters and speeches upon that instrument attracted much attention, and doubtless exercised a powerful influence.

Upon his return to Newport he was again banqueted, Democrats and Republicans alike vying with each other, in generous rivalry, to do him honor.

He is now a candidate for the high office of Appellate Judge, and it is safe to say that, if nominated, he will receive such a vote in Campbell County as no man has ever received; and furthermore, that his vote in the district will furnish striking evidence of his hold upon the people.

But it is of Washington as a lawyer and man that I desire especially to say a few words. In this respect perhaps no one knows him better than the writer, who has had a life long acquaintance with him.

There is no lawyer in the whole circle of our acquaintance who has read and digested more thoroughly the elementary law books, such as Blackstone, Kent, works on pleading, evidence, contracts, equity jurisprudence, constitutional law, &c. With all of these he has an extraordinary familiarity.

Col. Washington seems to have a natural genius for the examination of judicial records, and the extraction therefrom of the strong points of law and fact, and the preparation of briefs and arguments in which the authorities are cited so exhaustively, and the facts and reasoning thereon are presented so cogently and unanswerably as to leave no doubt as to the correctness of his views or of his conclusions.

The writer has read many of his briefs and arguments and has always been impressed with the power and force of his arguments on the questions of law and fact arising, and whatever doubt may have been entertained as to the propositions of law for which he was contending, before the perusal of the brief, they were all dispelled afterwards. Such was the conviction produced by the clear and cogent statement of the facts, and his powerful presentation of the law of the case.

After reading one of Colonel Washington's law briefs or hearing him in oral argument, one feels as though nothing more could have been said on the side for which he contended, so thoroughly have the questions of law and fact been discussed, with so much method have they been argued, and with such skill, ability and power have they been presented.

Besides he is a writer of ability, and his briefs, arguments and pleadings, as mere literary productions, are of the first order. He has been a great reader of the English classics, and the masters in the literature of our language, and his mind is so deeply imbued with the finish, elegance and style of these writers as to give him powers of composition of a very extraordinary character.

The mind of Colonel Washington is vigorous, comprehensive and discriminating, and he is methodical, argumentative and logical. It may therefore readily be conceived that the possession of the qualities indicated would make him

formidable at the bar and in all the forensic discussions that take place during the progress of a trial; and such is the case, for in the conduct, management and control of a law case he is not surpassed by any lawyer of the State.

He is of the family of the "Father of our country," and has the well-known Washington characteristics of resolution and force of character, and is open, candid and honorable in his dealings with his fellow men, and possessed of a moral integrity, uncorrupted and incorruptible.

Colonel Washington has the very highest qualifications for a judicial position, and should be elected to the Appellate Court he will make one of the ablest Judges who ever adorned the Bench. The people of this district ought to take a peculiar pride in having a man a member of their Appellate Court bearing the name of the illustrious "Father of his country"—a name with a halo of glory around it, that will only become brighter as the centuries roll on. A. T. Root.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at J. James Wood's.

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PRICE, 50c. EACH.

- 1 Ships That Pass in the Night.....By Beatrice Harraden
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- 13 Mrs. Caudle's Curtain Lectures.....By Douglas Jerrold
- 14 Lady Grace.....By Mrs. Henry Wood
- 15 The Duchess.....By the Duchess
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- 17 The Bag of Diamonds.....By George M. Fenn
- 18 My Lady's Money.....By Wilkie Collins
- 19 Forging the Fetters.....By Mrs. Alexander
- 20 Called Back.....By Hugh Conway
- 21 Back to the Old Home.....By Mary Cecil Hay
- 22 A Yellow Aster.....By Iota
- 23 Black Beauty.....By Anna Sewall
- 24 A Romance of Two Worlds.....By Marie Corelli
- 25 Ideals.....By Sarah Grand
- 26 The Man in Black.....By Stanley Weyman
- 27 Dodo; a Detail of the Day.....By E. F. Benson

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 Leading Key West and Eastern Cigar manufs.

KENTUCKY'S GREAT BLUE RIBBON FAIR

AND MIDSUMMER TROTTING MEETING

MAYSVILLE, KY.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, August 1, 2, 3, 4.

WEDNESDAY, August 1.....	THURSDAY, August 2.....	FRIDAY, August 3.....	SATURDAY, August 4.....
2:40 Trot.....Purse \$400	4-year-old Stake (18 en.).....Purse \$600	2-year-old Trot (19 en.).....Purse \$600	2:27 Trot.....Purse \$400
2:21 Trot.....Purse 400	2:17 Trot.....Purse 400	2:35 Trot.....Purse 400	2:19 Trot.....Purse 400
2:30 Pace.....Purse 400	2:30 Trot.....Purse 400	2:12 Pace or Trot.....Purse 400	2:25 Pace.....Purse 400
	2:19 Pace.....Purse 400	2:24 Trot.....Purse 400	

MUSIC BY MAYSVILLE'S UNRIVALED BAND.

Admission--Men, 50 Cts.; Ladies, 25 Cts.

The finest display of Ring Horses, Saddle, Harness, Road and Park Horses. Special trains on all railroads at one fare for the round trip. Electric Street Cars and C. and O. Railway deliver passengers at Grand Stand. Come spend a pleasant day. P. P. PARKER, President.....THOMAS A. KEITH, Treasurer.....JAS. W. FITZGERALD, Sec.

"PLAY BALL."

That's What the Regulars Will Do Monday and Tuesday With the Ohios of Cincinnati.

Lovers of the national sport should not fail to see the games Monday and Tuesday at the fair grounds. The Regulars will cross bats with the Ohios of Cincinnati.

The Ohios met their first defeat one day this week. They number some of the best amateur players of the Queen City. The Regulars have raised the necessary fund and will secure an additional pitcher and catcher. It is expected that the new battery will play in Monday's game. The Regulars were in hopes of securing Keloe, the Paris team's crack catcher, but one of his hands was broken in the game with Cynthia Wednesday. The additional battery will be a strong one, all the same, and you should go out and see the game Monday.

SHORT STOPS.

In yesterday's game between Lexington and Paris, Wadsworth, Maysville's pitcher, played short stop for the Lexington team.

Paris defeated Cynthia Wednesday by a score of 18 to 7, and Thursday knocked out Shelbyville by a score of 26 to 13. Yesterday they tackled Lexington and were defeated by a score of 9 to 8.

FRESH Blue Lick at Calhoun's.

DURING the storm this morning the electric light wire at Buetler's barber shop was burned out over the door by a flash of lightning.

The railroad construction in the United States for the six months ending June 30 last reached 525 miles, built by 51 lines in 25 States. Colorado comes first with 54 miles; South Carolina, 50; Florida, 48; West Virginia and Louisiana, 46 each; Pennsylvania, 42; New Jersey and Texas, 34 each.

FIFTEEN colored applicants for teachers' certificates were examined by the County Board Friday. They were Miss C. B. Caldwell, Miss Maggie Robertson, Miss Nannie Wilson, Miss Hattie Lee, Miss Lida Walker, Miss Ida Marshall, Miss Julia Young, Miss Mary J. Britton, Miss Bettie Smith, Robert Davis, James Cason, L. C. D. Anderson, E. F. Caldwell, Jacob Simpson, James M. Bowles.

THE Bourbon News says: "Several nights ago, while Judge Webb and Mr. R. K. McCarney were enjoying a row on beautiful Stoner with two of the most attractive young lady visitors in the city, a bass which measured sixteen and one-half inches in length jumped into their boat and was captured. It is a frequent occurrence for fish to jump into boats on Stoner, but this is the largest catch yet reported."

FRANKLIN Township, Clermont County, Ohio, recently voted against the sale of liquor. The only saloon in the township was run by Mr. Henry B. Bridges, formerly of this city. The Felicity Times says it is understood that he will cheerfully accept the situation and retire from his present business within the period fixed by the law, thirty days. Rev. R. H. Dodson, formerly of Dover, took an active part in the fight against liquor.

The usual services at the Church of the Disciples to-morrow. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Morning subject, (10:45 a. m.): "On This Rock Will I Build My Church; or the Church Towards Which the Signs of the Times Point." Night subject, (7:45 p. m.): "Is it War, or Peace? or the Great Railroad Boycott; Chicago a Cyclonic Center." Each age must forge the answer to new problems in the light of eternal principles. Truth is the alone authority against which no plea in demurrer ever holds.

E. B. CAKE, Minister.

In addition to the present great steamship line between Newport News and English, German and other transatlantic ports, the C. and O. is completing arrangements for the establishment of a similar line between the same American port and the principal ones of South America. With the consummation of these great plans and the full resumption of traffic and general business, which is bound to come, the transactions of this great trunk line road will simply be stupendous and its trains will, comparatively, move in solid procession. The grit and the pluck and the bounding enterprise of its management is not equalled and is all deserving of the rich rewards that are certain to result in due time, says the Felicity (O) Times.

The Modern Mother.

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

The L. and N.'s pay train was here last evening.

SEE P. S. KEMPER—fire, life and tornado insurance.

MISS ELLA BURROWS, of East Front street, is seriously ill.

THE Bracken Circuit Court adjourned Thursday till court in course.

JOS. H. DODSON is still in the grain trade. Storage and sacks furnished.

CHARLES C. CLARKE, of Bourbon, shipped sixty 300-pound hogs to Cincinnati this week.

A BAPTIST reunion will be held at Petersburg, Lewis County, beginning August 3rd.

PATRIOT, Indiana, shipped the first lot of '94 wheat to Cincinnati where it sold at 55 cents per bushel.

THERE will be quarterly meeting at Mitchell's Chapel Saturday and Sunday. All members invited to attend.

HON. JOHN D. WHITE has entered the race for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Eleventh district.

PARIS GREEN—If you want it strictly pure and cheap call at Chenoweth's drug store. Also all grades machine oils cheap.

THE earnings of the L. and N. the first week of July were \$266,405 compared with \$389,635 the corresponding period in 1893.

THE White Collar line will build a large and fine sternwheel steamer for the machinery of the recently unfortunate "City of Madison."

M. G. SIMMONS will soon begin the publication of the Evening Times at Lexington. It is to be an afternoon paper and an A. P. A. organ.

PAINTING and paper-hanging promptly and artistically done by Haucke. Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at White, Judd & Co.'s.

PEYTON STOUT was severely cut and bruised while feeding a thrasher near Higginsport. He lost his balance and was caught in the belting.

A SPECIAL from Vanceburg says George Dixon and Joseph Vaughn had a scrap at Martin's over a dog. Six shots were fired and both were wounded.

THE Louisville and Nashville directors have decided not to declare the semi-annual dividend due July 1. The dividend due January 1 was also passed.

THE River and Harbor bill, as agreed to by the Senate Committee, appropriates \$40,000 instead of \$28,000 for the improvement of the Big Sandy river, near Louisa.

PERRY DUNN has been driving a bus between Higginsport and Georgetown, O., for seventeen years. For twelve years he made one trip a day and for four years two trips a day.

THE Ashland base ball club is arranging for a trip next week to take in Maysville, Lexington, Paris and Mt. Sterling. They will hardly know themselves when they get back home.

CALL at Ballenger's and see the fine silver water sets he is displaying. And when you want anything in the jewelry line, remember his stock is complete and embraces the very latest novelties.

MR. R. A. COCHRAN, JR., had a dozen nice "springers" penned up last week, which he was fattening for his Sunday dinner. Saturday night some fellow appropriated eight of the nicest ones, leaving Mr. Cochran four—and the coop.

At the Church of the Nativity to-morrow the services will be: At 10:30 a. m. the holy communion will be celebrated. At 7:45 p. m. evening prayer will be said, with sermon. Members of the different city congregations will worship at this church at this service.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—At 10:30 a. m. there will be preaching by the pastor, and after the sermon the ordinance of baptism will be administered. Young People's Union at 6:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. There will be no service in this church at night. It is expected that the congregation will worship at the Episcopal Church. To these services all are cordially invited.

ROBERT G. PATRICK, Pastor.

At the last term of the Circuit Court the charter of the Maysville and Blue Run turnpike was forfeited and the pike was turned over to the county to be kept up as a public road. The County Court has divided the road into three districts. The first extends from Beasley's Run to John Fitzgerald's, Henry E. Pogue overseer; second, from junction of Maysville and Bracken pike to Elasha Moran's gate, John L. Broshears overseer; third, from Elasha Moran's and running to the Maysville and Bracken pike on Lawrence Creek, Robert Lloyd overseer.

FOR SAFE KEEPING.

Wesley Osborne, the Slayer of Hiram Adams, Brought Here From Vanceburg Friday.

Wesley Osborne, who was taken to Vanceburg Thursday to answer the charge of murdering young Hiram Adams near Cottageville June 17th, was brought back to Maysville yesterday afternoon and jailed for safe keeping.

The people living in the neighborhood of Cottageville look upon the killing of young Adams as an unprovoked murder, and the feeling against Osborne has been very bitter ever since the crime was committed. There has been strong talk of lynching him, and from all reports Osborne would be strung up very quickly if Adams' friends could get their hands on him.

A special from Vanceburg says a report reached there Thursday evening that a mob was on its way from Cottageville to take Osborne from jail and hang him. The special adds that the Marshal and three deputies took the accused from jail into the woods near town and guarded him through the night. Osborne's courage failed him when he heard of the report, and he begged frantically to be saved.

The Lewis County officials accordingly sent him down to the Maysville jail for safe keeping.

PROFESSOR W. R. CHANDLER has accepted the Principalship of the Mayslick graded school for next session.

THE Democrats of the district across the river have nominated ex-State Senator Joseph L. Stephens, of Lebanon, for Congress.

A. C. THOMAS, of Australia, representing Kentucky University, won the Chautauqua oratorical contest at Lexington, Thursday.

MISS MONA DUNCAN, of Milford, Bracken County, and W. H. Ackman, of Corinth, Ky., were married Thursday at the Denison Hotel, Cincinnati.

LETTER-CARRIER THOMAS M. LUMAN was taken suddenly ill Thursday night. He was somewhat better last evening, but is still confined to his home.

W. R. GOFF, who was accidentally killed at Shelbyville last year, left \$118,000 life insurance, \$100,000 of which was in the Equitable. This was the largest single claim ever paid in Kentucky.

THE Congressional Committee on Public Buildings has recommended an appropriation of \$50,000 for a public building at Mt. Sterling. The bill will hardly pass at this session, or any other session.

HEREAFTER the Louisville and Nashville railroad will not give employment to any man connected with the American Railway Union. An order to this effect was issued by Division Superintendent Pike Thursday afternoon.

LADIES, you should attend the clearance sale of summer dry goods at Browning & Co.'s. Belfast lawns and dotted Swiss reduced from 10 to 6½ cts. a yard. Extra quality of dotted Swiss reduced from 15 to 10 cents. See their remnant counter.

SERVICES in the Central Presbyterian Church to-morrow as follows: Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:15 p. m., at which a communication will be read from the delegate to the International convention at Cleveland, O., Rev. W. O. Cochran. Let there be a full attendance.

At the Methodist Episcopal Church to-morrow services will be held as follows: Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. The subject will be the opposite of last Sabbath's discourse. Class at 2 p. m. Epworth League 6:45 p. m. At night we will worship with the Episcopal Church. All are invited to join with us in worship in one or more of the above named services.

D. P. HOLT, Pastor.

JOHN H. CATRON, Sheriff of Knox County, has filed suit in the Knox Circuit Court against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company for \$5,000 damages, for being compelled to ride in the colored coach on the Kentucky Central railroad between Lexington and Richmond. Catron was conveying a colored lunatic to the asylum at Lexington. The outcome of the action is awaited with general interest throughout Kentucky.

Any stranger, man or boy, in our city wanting a place to spend a quiet afternoon is cordially invited to the Young Men's Christian Association. On Sunday afternoon at 3:45 the men's meeting is held. To-morrow afternoon Mr. Horace C. Wilson will be the leader. Subject: "Christ's Lowliness—Our Example." There is nothing which can so greatly benefit our city as an organization of young men who want to serve God and benefit mankind. Come out and join the Y. M. C. A. and assist in such work.

CLEARANCE SALE OF**SUMMER DRY GOODS**

Batiste, Belfast Lawns and Dotted Swiss reduced from 10 to 6½ c. a yd.

Extra fine quality of Dotted Swiss reduced from 15 to 10c. per yard. Fifty pieces of Lawns and Challies at 5 cts. per yard. Lancaster and Amoskeag Gingham at 5c. a yard. Dress Gingham at 5 and 7½ c. per yard.

See our Remnant Counter. A big lot of remnants of Lawns, Ducks and Satteens at 5 cents per yard.

Browning & Co.,

51 WEST SECOND ST.



QUICK MEAL
GASOLINE & GAS STOVES

McClanahan & Shea,
—DEALERS IN—
STOVES,
RANGES,
MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE, TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING AND SPOUTING.
Job Work of All Kinds
Executed in the Best Manner.



HERMANN LANGE
COR. ARCADE
JEWELER
181 VINE ST. CINCINNATI, O.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.
WE are authorized to announce GEORGE W. WASHINGTON, of Newport, as a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, for the Sixth Appellate district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR.
WE are authorized to announce J. DAVID DYE as the Republican candidate for Assessor.

FOR CORONER.
WE are authorized to announce JOHN D. ROE as a candidate for Coroner, subject to the will of the Democratic party.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
WE are authorized to announce POWELL B. OWENS as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Magisterial district No. 4, subject to the vote of the people at the polls.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN L. GRANT as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the second Magisterial district, subject to the will of the people, November election, 1894.

FOR CONSTABLE.
WE are authorized to announce SAM J. DOWER as a candidate for Constable in Dover precinct at the November election, 1894, subject to the will of the people.

WE are authorized to announce J. R. McNUTT as a candidate for re-election as Constable in the Third Magisterial district at the ensuing November election.

WE are authorized to announce GEORGE W. COOK as a candidate for Constable in Magisterial district No. 2, subject to the will of the people.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—My residence on West Second street. Apply to C. R. DYE. 134tf

FOR SALE—A handsome two-story residence; lot 35x90. Will sell for \$1,200, on easy terms. A. N. SAPP, 135 W. Second st. 5-4f

FOR SALE—Two good Milch Cows. Apply to CHAS. E. MCCARTHY, at L. and N. depot. 1f

FOR SALE—Good range "Grand Active;" also a square piano. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Store house and office on Sutton street. Address D.W. JANUARY, Fleming, Ky.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, suitable for a couple of gentlemen. Apply at this office. 134tf

FOR RENT—The house on south east corner Front and Market, formerly occupied by KARR & Co. and N. Gollenstein. Apply to GARRATT S. WALL. 122dtf.

LOST.

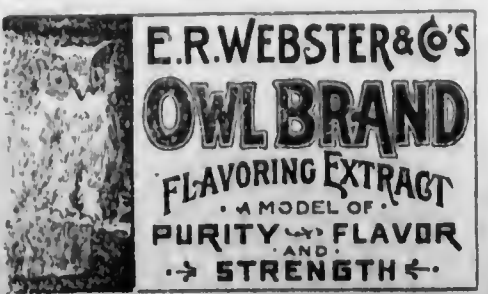
LOST—Pair spectacles, steel frame, in case; one tip broken off frame. Leave at this office. 17tf

I HAVE rented the Grain House lately occupied by S. A. Piper and am prepared to buy grain. Sacks furnished on application.

T. J. WINTER.

Maysville, July 11, 1894.

11dw1m



E.R. WEBSTER & CO'S
OWL BRAND
FLAVORING EXTRACT
A MODEL OF
PURITY & FLAVOR
—STRENGTH—

ECONOMIZE

Not by skimping yourself and family of the necessities of life, but by buying where you get the most goods and the best goods for the least money. Hundreds have taken advantage of our special cut-price offers to cash buyers, and thereby saved a large percentage of their hard earnings. You who have not taken advantage of these liberal offers, read the following list and profit by the experience of others:

1 pound Arbuckle's Coffee.....	21
1 gallon best new crop Molasses.....	25
1 gallon good new crop Molasses.....	23
1 gallon best old crop Molasses.....	22
1 gallon best golden Syrup.....	25
1 gallon best Honey Drop Syrup.....	35
1 25-lb. bucket Home-made Preserves.....	\$1 84
1 can best Cove Oysters.....	8
1 can best Cove Oysters, large size.....	15
1 can best Salmon, red meat.....	13
1 bar good family Soap.....	2
1 box 500 best Matches.....	4
1 quart Navy Beans.....	6
1 quart Marrowfat Beans.....	7
1 quart Lima Beans.....	7
1 large bottle best Catsup.....	18
1 pound best Macaroni.....	6

These prices for cash only. All goods named in former lists at same prices given, if not reduced in this.

Strawberry season is at hand. Remember my house will be headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds.

R. B. LOVEL,
LEADING GROCER.

ONCE MORE

We greet you with our low prices, and cordially invite you to visit our store and find anything your fancy may wish or mind dictate. Our stock is complete.

12 bars Soap.....	25c
1 good Scrub Brush.....	5c
1 good water Bucket.....	10c
2 good Brooms.....	25c
3 cakes Sapolio.....	10c
3 cakes Sapolio.....	25c
3 boxes Gelatine.....	25c
1 gallon N. O. Molasses.....	25c
1 pound Levering Coffee.....	22c
1 bottle Extract Vanilla.....	5c
1 bottle Extract Lemon.....	5c
100 large Pickles in brine.....	25c
3 pounds Langdon's Ginger Snaps.....	25c
2 pounds Langdon's Molasses Cookies.....	25c
1 pound Langdon's Graham Crackers.....	15c
1 pound Java Coffee Cakes.....	15c
1 pound Langdon's Vanilla Wafer Cakes.....	25c

Try our own strictly pure Baking Powder, only 20 cents per pound.

We mean business and stand ready to substantiate every word this space contains. The people's grocery.

CUMMINS & REDMOND,
Successors to Hill & Co.

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class place to board. Convenient to new shoe factory, Sixth ward. Address G. H. BRODT, postoffice box 53. 13-2t

On last Friday Joseph Yockey, aged sixty, who resides seven miles from Ripley, Mason County, was shot and instantly killed by his son-in-law, William Paul. Had blood has existed for some time. Flemingsburg Times-Democrat.

Hunt up your geography, Brother Duley, and you will find Ripley on the north bank of the Ohio. The Yockey murder was committed on Eagle Creek, in Brown County, O., and not in Mason County.

PRENDERGAST HUNG.

Carter Harrison's Slayer Dies on the Gallows.

HORRIBLE CRIME AVENGED.

He Dies Game Despite Predictions to the Contrary—The Last Scene in a Case That Called For World-Wide Attention—No Speech From the Scaffold on Advice of His Priest.

CHICAGO, July 14.—A dastardly crime against the state was expiated on the gallows of Cook county jail yesterday morning.

Nearly nine months have elapsed since the bullet of an assassin deprived Chicago of her chief executive, the state of one of her most illustrious citizens, and the country at large a statesman and a patriot. At 11:48 yesterday the crime was avenged, and Patrick Eugene Prendergast suffered an ignominious death at the hands of the hangman.

Prendergast walked to the scaffold unaided. It was apparent to every one that while the condemned man was on the verge of collapse he was nevertheless determined to present a nerve front. He looked neither to the right nor left, but straight ahead, and seemed unconscious of the faces before him. As he advanced to the front of the scaffold he made a silent cross upon his breast and upon his forehead.

Father Barry repeated a prayer in an undertone while the deputies adjusted the straps at the knees and fastened his arms behind him. Just as the white shroud was being tied around his neck he took a long breath, and everyone imagined he was about to make a speech. In a second, however, he had set his teeth together, while his face grew red and white by turns.

The two deputies led him to the center of the trap, quickly adjusted the noose and drew the white cap over his head. His limbs seemed to tremble for a second, and then there was a movement under the white robe as though he was breathing hard. The signal was given to the unseen executioner, and the trap shot downward.

The body swung round and round. There was one brief convulsive struggle, and the murder of Carter Harrison had been avenged. The body was surrounded by the jury of physicians, and as soon as life had been pronounced extinct it was cut down.

The condemned man had requested an indulgence of 20 minutes after reaching the scaffold for the purpose of making a speech. He was dissuaded from this intention, however, by Father Barry.

PASSING APPROPRIATION BILLS.

The Senate Making Up For Lost Time and Preparing For Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The river and harbor appropriation bill, which usually gives rise to sharp debate and consumes from three days to a week for its completion, was passed yesterday. Another important bill, the legislative executive and judicial, was immediately taken up and put well on its way toward passage before the senate adjourned. The early part of the day's proceedings was enlivened by a discussion of Mr. Hale's resolution inquiring whether there had been a meeting of the conference committee on the tariff bill.

Besides the author of the resolution, the Republican conferees Senator Allison, Aldrich and Sherman each expressed their condemnation of "star chamber" methods of considering the bill now involved. Mr. Voorhees replied that he had been actuated by an overwhelming desire to hurry the bill through its last stage in not inviting the Republican members to the meetings. It was necessary, that the majority should first formulate some line of action for themselves, after which a full conference would be called.

A bill for the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Dubuque, Ia., was passed.

A bill has been introduced by Mr. Davis of Minnesota by request, placing dining and sleeping car companies under the interstate commerce law.

Mr. George of Mississippi introduced a bill to amend the act for the appointment of a board of arbitration between companies engaged in transporting passengers and their employees, approved October, 1888.

The river and harbor bill was taken up and passed. Among the amendments agreed to were the following: At Everett, Wash., \$10,000, (new item); raising the appropriation for improving the mouth and passes of the Calcasieu river, Louisiana, from \$80,000 to \$90,000; Two Rivers Harbor, Wis., \$3,000 to \$6,000; Red river of the north, Minnesota, \$15,000 to \$30,000; harbor of Memphis, \$40,000 to \$50,000; for the Missouri river at Atchison, Kan., \$25,000 to \$35,000; harbor at Bismarck, \$30,000 to \$40,000.

At 6:10 the senate adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The house agreed to the report of the conferees on the pension appropriation bill. The remainder of the day was devoted to the consideration of private bills. Although several were debated, none were passed. Mr. Durborow of Illinois rose to a question of personal privilege, and denied that he had ever expressed or entertained sentiments attributed to him in an interview which quoted him as taking very strong grounds against the action of the president in ordering federal troops to Chicago.

At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until 8, the evening session to be devoted to the consideration of private pension bills.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agt.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS CONTINUE.

The Inhabitants of Turkey in Fear of Their Lives.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—Earthquake shocks continue at irregular intervals. The inhabitants of the city have been driven to a condition of abject fear by the recent disturbances, and in all the places which have felt the earthquake a state of panic exists. Houses have been deserted and the people are clustered in the parks, gardens and fields. All are suffering hardships, and the exposure is especially severe on the sick and persons injured by falling debris of houses wrecked by the early shocks.

The technical commission is engaged in demolishing all unsafe buildings. The sea of Marmora seems to be the center of the disturbances.

A wing of the military school fell yesterday, killing three persons and wounding 22.

Many bodies have been extricated from ruins in various parts of the city. The shocks were very severe at Adnazar. One hundred and thirty houses were wrecked there and 22 persons lost their lives.

Still, "It's So If You See It in the Ledger."

The Maysville Public Ledger has a habit of reporting things to have happened in Robertson County that never occurred, and about people that never existed. In one of last week's Ledgers there was an account of a blacksmith in this county being held up and robbed and left tied to a tree. The story is all "stuff," for nothing like it happened and there is no such a blacksmith in the county. The Ledger should be a little more careful how and what it reports as truthful news.—Mt. Olivet Tribune-Democrat.

Vanceburg: "The report of a pistol fight between two cousins named Mertie and Lucy Tolver, at Noah, this county, in which one was said to have been killed, turns out to be an exaggeration. There was a misunderstanding between the young ladies, but it was a trivial matter, and there was no violence of any kind."

Notice to Patrons of Water Company.

The quantity of water which is used and wasted lately is showing that a great deal of yard and street sprinkling is done without permission; also continuous flow of water in some fixtures, all of which is contrary to the rules of this company and is sufficient cause to stop supply of water without further notice, which will be done. MAYSVILLE WATER CO.

CHANDLER THOMAS, the twelve-months-old son of Mrs. Gertrude Chandler Thomas, of Georgetown, Ky., died yesterday.

ELDER EUBANKS will preach at Laytham Chapel, near Mayslick, this afternoon at 3 o'clock and to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. The public invited.

THERE was a heavy rain at Mayslick and in that neighborhood this morning. It started all the small streams running. Jersey Ridge also reports a nice shower.

CALL and learn prices on P. J. Murphy's stock of ladies' and gentlemen's gold, gold-filled and silver watches. These prices are fully 15 per cent. less than elsewhere; quality the best.

GEORGE BELL, of the Sixth ward, was up at Springdale yesterday afternoon, and concluded he would ride down home on a C. and O. freight. In attempting to board the train, however, he was thrown under the cars, and had a narrow escape from death. He was bruised about the face and head and had the flesh cut off of one his heels.

ELDER J. S. KENDRICK, of Danville, commences a protracted meeting in the Christian Church at Washington next Monday night at 7:30. Elder Kendrick is a very thoughtful and forcible speaker. The public cordially invited to attend this meeting. The following are some of his topics: "The Man, Christ Jesus;" "Christ, the Wisdom and the Power of God;" "What? Think Ye of Christ?" "The Confession of Faith;" "Faith;" "Obedience of Faith."

The following officers of Friendship Lodge No. 43, D. of R., were installed last night by D. D. Mrs. Kate Bierley:

N. G.—Mrs. Maggie Ort.
V. G.—Miss Fannie Campbell.
Secretary—Mrs. Emma Luman.
Treasurer—W. C. Pelham.
R. S. to N. G.—J. T. Martin.
R. S. to V. G.—Mrs. M. Schwartz.
L. S. to V. G.—Mrs. L. Daugherty.
Conductor—Miss Emma Schnelle.
Chaplain—Mrs. L. McClanahan.
Warden—Miss L. Schwartz.
P. G.—Mrs. M. Paulson.
I. G.—Mrs. L. Martin.
O. G.—Mrs. L. Huff.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise—a purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50c. and \$1 per bottle at J. J. Wood's drug store.

PERSONAL.

—Rev. D. P. Holt has been at Louisa, Ky., this week.

—Miss Rosa Fristoe is visiting relatives at Murphysville.

—Mr. C. D. Shepard went to Middletown, O., Friday on business.

—Mrs. Wm. Haines has returned from a two weeks' visit at Augusta.

—Captain George Tudor is visiting his brother, Mr. Thos. Tudor, of Mt. Olivet.

—Mr. George Martin, of Lexington, is spending a few days here with relatives.

—Miss Jennie Wisenall, of Covington, arrived this morning on a visit to Miss Bertha Ort.

—Miss Rachel Ball, of Millersburg, is a guest of the family of Mr. John T. Parker, of West Second street.

—Misses Ethel and Flossie Fisher, of Vanceburg, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Armstrong, of Forest avenue.

—Miss Tillie Parker, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Parker, is at home after a three weeks visit to relatives at Mayslick and Sardis.

—Ashland News: "Basil Duke, of Cincinnati, one of the most genial and pleasant traveling salesmen who visits our city, is here calling on our grocery merchants."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

In the County Court yesterday, Thos. Ross, a colored minor under fourteen years of age, was apprenticed to C. N. Bolinger to learn farming.

THE Maysville Band went to Poplar Plains this morning to furnish music for the Democratic picnic.

Base Ball.

AT CINCINNATI—R H E
Cincinnati.....2 0 0 2 0 0 1 2—7 13 5
Boston.....4 1 3 2 0 2 0 7 3—22 20 2
Batteries—Parrott, Tannehill and Murphy; Staley and Ryan. Umpire—Gaffney.
AT CLEVELAND—R H E
Cleveland.....1 4 0 5 4 1 1 0 x—16 15 1
Philadelphia.....3 2 0 0 0 0 1 2—8 19 5
Batteries—Young and O'Connor; Callahan and Cross. Umpire—Lynch.

AT ST. LOUIS—R H E
St. Louis.....3 3 0 0 0 0 5 0 x—11 12 6
Baltimore.....2 3 0 0 0 0 5 0—10 8 8
Batteries—Bogtenstein and Twineham; Hawke, McMahon and Clark. Umpire—Hartley.

AT PITTSBURGH—R H E
Pittsburgh.....4 3 0 3 0 0 0 0 x—10 8 6
New York.....2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4 6 3
Batteries—Ehret and Mack; Westervelt and Farrell. Umpire—Emslie.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets For July 13.

Pittsburg.
Cattle—Prime, \$4 50@5 00; good, \$4 75@4 80; good butchers, \$3 75@4 00; fair light steers, \$3 00@3 25; bulls and stags, \$2 50@2 75; fresh cows and springers, \$2 00@2 25. Hogs—Philadelphia, \$5 10@5 15. Yorkers, \$4 90@5 15; pigs, \$5 00@5 10; good sows, \$3 50@4 00. Sheep—Extra, \$3 00@3 50; good, \$3 20@3 50; fair, \$3 00@3 25; common, \$2 25@2 50; yearlings, \$2 25@3 50; lambs, \$2 50@4 50.

Cincinnati.
Wheat—51@53c. Corn—51c@52c. Cattle—Selected butchers, \$3 85@4 15; fair to medium, \$3 15@3 50; common, \$2 00@3 00. Hogs—Selected and prime butchers, \$5 10@5 15; packing, \$5 00@5 10; common to rough, \$4 50@5 05. Sheep—\$1 00@3 25. Lambs—\$4 00@4 40.

Chicago.
Hogs—Select butchers, \$5 05@5 15; packing, \$4 85@5 05. Cattle—Prime steers, \$4 75@5 00; common, \$3 00@4 45; cows and bulls, \$1 75@3 25. Sheep—\$2 00@3 75; lambs, \$3 00@4 75.

New York.
Wheat—August, 61½c bid. Corn—September, 47½c. Oats—September, 33c. Cattle—\$3 75@4 50. Sheep—\$2 50@3 75. Lambs—\$4 00@5 50.

Toledo.
Wheat—Cash, 52½c; September, 57½c. Corn—Cash, 45c. Oats—Cash, 45c. Rye—50c bid.

Maysville Retail Market.

GREEN COFFEE—½ lb.....25 @27
MOLASSES—new crop, ½ gallon.....60 @
Golden Syrup.....85 @40
Sorghum, fancy new.....60 @40
SUGAR—Yellow, ½ lb.....50 @
Extra C, ½ lb.....50 @
A, ½ lb.....50 @
Granulated, ½ lb.....50 @
Powdered, ½ lb.....50 @
New Orleans, ½ lb.....50 @
TEAS—½ lb.....50 @1 00
COAL OIL—Headlight, ½ gallon.....12½ @10
BACON—Breakfast, ½ lb.....10 @
Clearsides, ½ lb.....10 @
Hams, ½ lb.....10 @
Shoulders, ½ lb.....10 @
BEANS—½ gallon.....30 @40
BUTTER—½ lb.....30 @40
CHICKENS—Each.....25 @35
EGGS—½ dozen.....25 @30
FLOUR—Limestone, ½ barrel.....1 00 @
Old Gold, ½ barrel.....4 25 @
Maysville Fancy, ½ barrel.....3 25 @
Mason County, ½ barrel.....3 50 @
Morning Glory, ½ barrel.....3 50 @
Roller King, ½ barrel.....4 25 @
Magnolia, ½ barrel.....4 25 @
Blue Grass, ½ barrel.....3 75 @
Graham, ½ sack.....15 @20
Extra, ½ sack.....15 @20
HOMINY—½ gallon.....20 @
MEAL—½ peck.....20 @
LARD—½ pound.....10 @20
ONIONS—½ peck.....60 @
POTATOES—½ peck, new.....60 @
APPLES—½ peck.....60 @70

Ohio Military Institute.

High class school for Boys. Prepares for College or business. Illustrated catalogue. Dudley Emerson, A. M., President, College Hill, Cincinnati, Ohio.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

—AT—

Ruggles' Camp Grounds

JULY 4th, 1894,

The following privileges will be let to the highest bidder:

Hotel, Confectionery, Stable, Baggage Room and Barber Shop.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, which shall be opened at 10:30 a. m. The meeting will be held on these beautiful grounds August 2 to 16. Eminent clergymen will be present, and among these will be Rev. Joseph H. Berry, D. D., editor of the Epworth Herald, Chicago, Ill., and Rev. Davis W. Clark, A. M., of Union Church, Covington, Ky., and ministers of the Covington and Ashland districts. Revs. G. R. Frenger and H. J. Ramey, Presiding Elders, will have charge of the services. Anyone desiring cottages write to I. M. Lane, Maysville, Ky. Several cottages have been taken.

Optician: Louis: Landman,



Of No. 94 West Seventh street, Cincinnati, Ohio, will be at the CENTRAL HOTEL, Maysville, Ky., on MONDAY and TUESDAY, JULY 16 and 17. No one should miss the opportunity of having this thorough Optician examine their eyes FREE OF CHARGE, and of securing proper glasses from him. Will call at your home in the city if so desired.

Fifteen years of experience is what Optician Louis Landman has had in the grinding of lenses and the correcting of defective vision by glasses. For the last two years he has taken special course under the leading oculist of Cincinnati. Having finished lectures for present course he will now be able to positively announce dates in the future.

THEO. C. POWER,

—DEALER IN—

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Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Fancy Stationery.

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For Pure Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Window Glass, Wall Paper and

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Picture Framing a specialty. Wall Paper from 5c. to the finest manufactured. We will make it to your interest to call on us. Respectfully,

RYDER & RUDY,

Successors to A. B. Greenwood, Zweigart Block.

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FREESTONE WORKS.

All kinds of Monumental work done in the best manner. Second street, above opera house.

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Diamonds, Watches, Clocks,

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BRONZES, BRONZES, BRONZES.

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It Removes Dandruff, Cleans the Scalp, Restores the Hair, Cures Eczema.

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120 DOLLARS PER MONTH

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made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours. Any man, woman, boy, or girl can do the work handily, without experience. Talking unnecessary. Nothing like it for money-making ever offered before. Our workers always prosper. No time wasted in learning the business. We teach you in a night how to succeed from the first hour. You can make a trial without expense to yourself. We start you, furnish everything needed to carry on the business successfully, and guarantee you against failure if you but follow our simple, plain instructions. Reader, if you are in need of ready money, and want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address, and we will mail you a document giving you all the particulars.

TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. \$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF. \$4.35. FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.25. POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE. \$2.12.50. BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$3.25. \$2.50. \$1.75. BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

Storage Wanted!

I have storage room for 100,000 bushels Wheat. Liberal cash advances made on wheat in store. Charges for storage and advancing moderate. Am paying the market price for choice, well cleaned Wheat. (20) N. COOPER.

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Upholstering and Furniture Repairing of All Kinds.

A stock of Tapestry always on hand. Work done in a satisfactory manner and at reasonable price, at No. 325 corner Plum and Fourth streets. JOHN W. FARLEY.

A. SORRIES,

Second Street, Near Limestone,

LOCK AND GUNSMITH.

Repairing of all kinds done promptly and on reasonable terms.

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Corner of Second and Sutton Streets.